

• Name:	Si Yeol Song
• Current Position & Affiliation:	Professor, Dept. of Radiation Oncology Asan Medical Center, UUCM
• Country:	Korea

• Educational Background:

Mar	1991-Feb	Premedical Course, Seoul National University
1993		
Mar	1993-Feb	College of Medicine, Seoul National University (B.M.)
1997		
Mar	2002-Feb	Postgraduate courses, University of Ulsan College of Medicine
2004		(M.Sc.)
Mar	2004-Feb	Postgraduate courses, University of Ulsan College of Medicine
2006		(Ph.D.)

• Professional Experience:

Mar	2006-Feb	Clinical Instructor, Department of Radiation Oncology (RO),
2007		AMC
Mar	2008-Feb	Assistant Professor, RO, AMC, University of Ulsan College of
2013		Medicine (UUCM)
Aug	2010-Jul	Visiting Assistant Professor, MIPS, Stanford University, CA,
2011		United States
Mar	2013-Feb	Associate Professor, RO, AMC, UUCM
2019		
Mar 2	2019-	Professor, RO, AMC, UUCM

• Professional Organizations:

Korean Society for Radiation Oncology (KOSRO), board of director Korean Association for Lung Cancer (KALC), board of director Korean Association for Radiation Protection (KARP), board of director Korean Cancer Association (KCA) European Society for Radiology and Oncology (ESTRO) International Association for the Study of Lung Cancer (IASLC)

• Main Scientific Publications:

Clinical implementation of a wide-field electron arc technique with a scatterer for widespread Kaposi's sarcoma in the distal extremities. Sci Rep. 2020 Jun 16;10(1):9693 A novel nanoparticle-based theranostic agent targeting LRP-1 enhances the efficacy of neoadjuvant radiotherapy in colorectal cancer. Biomaterials. 2020 Oct;255:120151



The pretreatment erythrocyte sedimentation rate predicts survival outcomes after surgery and adjuvant radiotherapy for extremity soft tissue sarcoma. Radiat Oncol. 2019 Jul 4;14(1):116.

Feasible Optimization of Stereotactic Ablative Radiotherapy Dose by Tumor Size for Stage I Non–small-cell Lung Cancer. Clin Lung Cancer. 2018 Mar;19(2):e253-261 *A strategy for actualization of active targeting nanomedicine practically functioning in a living body. Biomaterials.* 2017 Oct;141:136-148

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